MISSOURI ALL-HAZARD EMERGENCY PLANNING CHECKLIST

[NOTE: This document is NOT considered to be all-inclusive for the content of an EOP.]

Using this Checklist

This checklist can be used prior to the development/update of an EOP so that a jurisdiction can identify those essential planning items it should include in its plan. Also, and more importantly, it should be used as a final check/review to make sure that the jurisdiction's EOP meets SEMA's basic emergency planning requirements. SEMA will ensure that the EOPs meet these requirements as we assist the local jurisdictions with their updates within our planning schedule/cycle. When SEMA assists a local jurisdiction in the update of its EOP, the SEMA planner will be responsible for completing this document for that EOP.

To complete this checklist, simply state the location in the EOP where each planning item can be found. Write this information on the line next to that particular planning item. For example, if the item can be found in the Basic Plan, Situation and Assumptions, state this or use an outline format (i.e., Basic Plan, II, A, 1). If the item is contained in an appendix or attachment to the basic plan/annex, simply state, "Annex C, Appendix 3, Attachment A". Page numbers may also be used when identifying the locations of these items. The choice is left to the plan reviewer.

Should there be a need to reference a document that is covered by this planning guidance, but was too large to include in the actual EOP, simply indicate where this document can be found. For example, when referencing a public works' resource list which is maintained in the Public Works Director's office, state, "On file in Public Works Director's office". However, if an EOP has these additional documents under a separate cover, a statement should be made in the EOP explaining where these documents can be found. For example, if a county chooses to have a stand-alone hazardous materials plan which is kept on file in the County Commission's office, state this location in the EOP. This is recommended not just for SEMA's benefit, but so that all holders of the EOP will know where to locate this information.

It should be noted that although the planning items in this guide are arranged by "Basic Plan", "Direction and Control", etc., these items can be located in other parts of the plan. The best locations for these items should be determined by the jurisdiction.

<u>NOTE</u>: Planning consideration items for terrorist situations are in BOLD.

<u>Preface</u>	
1.	_ Include a promulgation statement or other enabling local government document.
2.	_ Include a table of contents.
3.	_ Include a record of changes.
4.	Include a glossary of terms used in the EOP, including terrorism terms, such as crisis management, consequence management, NBC, WMD, etc.
5	_ Include a distribution list for the EOP.
6.	_ Include the date on the EOP.
Basic Plan	
1.	_ Identify the purpose of the plan, including the emergency management goals.
2.	Include a hazard analysis for the jurisdiction that details each hazard that could affect the jurisdiction and its potential impact; include maps (flood plain, dams, earthquake fault zones, hazardous materials facilities, transportation routes, etc.) when appropriate. For terrorism incidents, include the FBI definition of terrorism, the various forms of terrorism, and general potential targets in the jurisdiction.
3.	Define the geographical and physical characteristics of the jurisdiction, as well as the population.

4.	 Identify the four time frames for performing emergency management activities (i.e., mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery).
5.	 Identify those agencies/departments with essential records and the means of protecting these records from the identified hazards.
6.	 List the line of succession (three-deep) for the chief elected official and the emergency management director.
7.	 Identify the authorities/responsibilities of the chief elected official and the circumstances when this authority is transferred.
8.	 Explain the purposes of the different parts of the EOP (i.e., basic plan, annexes, appendices).
9.	 Identify by position title the individual responsible for implementing the EOP.
10.	 Identify by position title the individual responsible for maintaining the EOP.
11.	 List the legal basis for the EOP, including the emergency management organization (i.e., local ordinances, court orders, state and federal laws, etc. and those legal documents relating to terrorist incidents, such as, Presidential Directive 39).
12.	 List reference documents, guidance documents, hazardous materials plan (if a stand-alone plan).
13.	 Include an overall emergency management organizational diagram by function.
14.	Include a diagram designating those individuals (by position) who have a primary and supporting role for each of the functions listed in the plan. Tasks those with a primary role to develop SOGs/SOPs.
15.	 Include the emergency classification and control

	procedures (i.e., list the levels of severity, the conditions for each, the associated response levels, and the EOC staffing for each).
16.	Include procedures for requesting state and federal assistance.
17.	List federal, state, private, and volunteer agencies/organizations and their telephone numbers.
18.	Ensure that all individuals/agencies assigned EOP responsibilities are aware of these responsibilities.
Annex A Direction	& Control
1	Identify the individual by position (including line of succession) who is responsible for direction and control activities.
2.	Identify primary and alternate emergency operations centers (EOCs), including street addresses.
3.	Identify the mobile EOC, if applicable, and where it is stored.
4.	Describe the communications capabilities of the primary, alternate, and mobile EOCs, including dispatching capabilities, NAWAS points, MULES terminals, telephone lines, etc.
5	Describe primary and back-up power sources for the EOCs, including fuel supply.
6	List by position title (with space for personal name and telephone number) those functional coordinators that would be called in to staff the EOC.
7.	Identify by position who will notify the EOC staff to come to the EOC, as well as other response organizations that will not be operating out of the EOC.
8.	Include a significant events log.

9.		Ensure that a record of <u>all</u> expenses incurred because of the disaster is maintained for each function.
10.		Identify by position the person responsible for managing, maintaining, and activating the EOC.
11.		Describe the Incident Command System to be used by the jurisdiction.
12.		List the tasks that would be performed by this function.
13.		Describe methods of collecting/exchanging information among response organizations, the EOC staff, SEMA, and FEMA.
14.		In terrorist incidents, explain how crisis and consequence management operations will take place in the EOC and the federal joint operations center (JOC).
Anne	ex B Communications an	d Warning
1.		Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating communications activities.
2.		List the radio frequencies available to the jurisdiction.
3.		List the communications equipment available, including that in the primary, alternate, and mobile EOCs (i.e., base stations, hand-helds, mobiles, cellular phones, etc.).
4.		Describe the message flow procedures in the EOC.
5.		Include a message form and communications log.

6.	Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating warning activities.
7.	 List the warning devices available in the jurisdiction (outdoor sirens, tone-activated receivers, cable-interrupt, etc.).
8.	 Identify who has the authority to activate the warning devices and how these devices are activated.
9.	 Identify weather spotter procedures.
10.	List any emergency telephone warning notification call- down lists (i.e., schools, nursing homes, day care centers, factories, senior citizen housing complexes, and individuals with special needs) maintained by the jurisdiction. Also, identify if the jurisdiction's 911 system has "Reverse 911" capability and describe its procedure.
11.	 Describe alternate methods of communication (i.e., Farm Bureau satellite system, MARS, RACES, ARES, amateur operators, etc.).
12.	 List the tasks to be performed by this function.
13.	 Identify the primary and local EAS television and radio stations.
14.	 Describe procedures for protecting communications equipment from the effects of the disaster.
15.	 Describe any special information collection procedures that the 911 system may have for monitoring similar complaints/symptoms reported to them.

Annex C -- Emergency Public Information

1.	Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual designated as the jurisdiction's official PIO, and who will coordinate all emergency public information activities.
2.	Identify any populations whose primary language is not English, and how emergency information will be translated.
3.	Explain the procedures for notifying persons with hearing impairments.
4.	List the radio stations, television stations, and newspapers serving the jurisdiction, including contact numbers.
5	Establish a procedure for providing information and answering inquiries from the general public.
6.	Describe procedures for releasing news releases, including specific procedures for terrorist (or suspected terrorist) incidents.
7.	Provide pre-developed news releases for the various hazards which could affect the jurisdiction.
8	List the tasks to be performed by this function.
9.	For terrorist incidents, designate a local PIO or spokesperson who will be assigned to the federal JOC and work with other state and federal PIOs.
Annex D Damage Assessment	
1.	Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating damage assessment.
2.	Display damage assessment information in the EOC.

3.		Maintain an inventory of maps of the jurisdiction for damage assessment use.
4.		Reference qualified personnel (i.e., SAVE volunteers, contractors, engineers, architects, etc.) that are available to assist in damage assessment.
5.		Establish a code system (i.e., for structure damage, victim search, quarantine, etc.) to post on inspected buildings.
6.		After the disaster, coordinate with the appropriate personnel inspections on critical facilities (i.e., hospitals, EOC, reception and care centers, etc.), evacuation routes, and airstrips.
7.		Identify the types of disaster assistance available and the procedures for requesting it.
8.		List the tasks to be performed by this function.
<u>Anne</u>	x E Law Enforcement	
1.		Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating law enforcement activities.
2.		Cordon-off the affected area and establish a security- pass system for entering the area.
3.		Provide law enforcement staff to critical facilities (i.e, EOC, shelters) for security purposes.
4.		Protect prisoners in custody and develop evacuation procedures for them.
5.		Maintain a call-up list of personnel.
6.		List personnel, vehicles, and equipment available with the law enforcement agencies serving the jurisdiction.
7.		List mutual aid agreements maintained with outside law

		enforcement agencies.
8		Maintain contact numbers for other local and state law enforcement agencies that may be able to provide assistance.
9.		List the tasks to be performed by this function.
10.		In terrorist incidents, identify the local law enforcement official(s) who are in charge of the incident (due to the crisis management requirement) until the FBI arrives.
11		Identify that the FBI will be in charge of all response operations to a terrorist incident through the federal JOC, with FEMA performing the consequence management operations.
12.		Designate a local law enforcement representative to report to the federal JOC.
13.		Describe the operations procedures/guidelines that will be followed in a terrorist incident.
14		Identify the specialized local, state, and federal resources available to assist in a terrorist incident, including contact information.
Annex F Fi	ire & Rescue	
1		Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating all fire activities.
2		Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating all rescue activities.
3.		List fire and rescue resources.
4.		Maintain fire and rescue call-up rosters.
5.		List mutual aid agreements with other fire and rescue

		organizations, as well as reference the State of Missouri (Division of Fire Safety) Mutual Aid System.
6.		Provide first-aid to disaster victims and workers.
7.		Maintain contact numbers with surrounding fire and rescue organizations.
8.		List the tasks to be performed by this function.
Anne	x G Resource & Supply	
1.		Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating resource and supply activities.
2.		Identify transportation resources for evacuation (including specially-equipped vehicles for individuals with special needs) and supply delivery purposes.
3.		List the resources that are available to the jurisdiction, including the name of the provider and contact numbers.
4.		Maintain an inventory system to track supplies used in the disaster and develop a form to document these expenses.
5.		Designate staging areas and mobilization centers where resources can be located for distribution.
6.		List the tasks to be performed by this function.
7.		Discuss the procedures for the management of donated goods.

Annex H -- Hazardous Materials

[NOTE: The first nine (9) items are the "shall" items that originated from Federal Public Law 99-499, SARA, Title III, 303 © (1).1 1. Identification of facilities subject to the requirements of this subtitle that are within the emergency planning district, identification of routes likely to be used for the transportation of substances on the list of extremely hazardous substances referred to in Section 302(a), and identification of additional facilities contributing or subjected to additional risk due to their proximity to facilities subject to the requirements of this subtitle, such as hospitals or natural gas facilities. 2. Methods and procedures to be followed by facility owners and operators and local emergency and medical personnel to respond to any release of such substances. 3. Designation of a community emergency coordinator and facility emergency coordinators, who shall make determinations necessary to implement the plan. 4. Procedures providing reliable, effective, and timely notification by the facility emergency coordinators and the community emergency coordinator to persons designated in the emergency plan, and to the public, that a release has occurred (consistent with the emergency notification requirements of Section 304). 5. Methods for determining the occurrence of a release, and the area or population likely to be affected by such a release. 6. A description of emergency equipment and facilities in the community and at each facility in the community subject to the requirements of this subtitle, and an identification of the persons responsible for such

equipment and facilities.

7.		Evacuation plans, including provisions for a precautionary evacuation and alternative traffic routes.
8.		Training programs, including schedules for training of local emergency response and medical personnel.
9.		Methods and schedules for exercising the emergency plan.
10.		Notify and coordinate with adjacent jurisdictions.
11.		Identify medical facilities capable of treating contaminated patients.
12.		Identify emergency medical services trained to treat contaminated patients.
-	E: Items 13 through 15 s ce, Page ii, "Significant Cha	hould be included in the radiological appendix. (See anges".)]
13.		Identify trained/certified volunteer agencies involved in radiological response activities.
14.		Identify the external agencies available to support a radiological response (private, state, and federal).
15.		Identify radiological equipment kit configurations and explain the purpose and use of each type of kit.
Annex	« I Public Works	
1.		Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating all public works activities.
2.		Inspect streets, bridges, etc. for damages.
3.		Establish procedures for clearing debris (i.e., prioritizing routes, etc.).
4.		Maintain a call-up list of public works personnel,

	including telephone numbers.
5.	Identify the agencies/organizations responsible for providing water, electricity, natural gas, sewer, and sanitation services to the jurisdiction, including telephone numbers.
6.	List the resources available from all of the jurisdiction's public works services.
7.	List the mutual aid agreements that are maintained by the various public works services.
8.	List the tasks to be performed by this function.
9.	Identify special procedures for handling, removing, and disposing of debris from a terrorist incident.
Annex J Evacuation	
1.	Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating evacuation activities.
2.	Identify by position the chief elected official responsible for ordering an evacuation.
3.	Identify the situations that may require an evacuation of some or all of the population.
4.	Identify and coordinate evacuation routes.
5.	Estimate the number of people requiring public transportation assistance (including special needs populations).
6.	Coordinate evacuation instructions with the PIO and the Reception & Care Coordinator.
7.	Establish traffic control points for traffic flow purposes.
8.	Include a log to show persons contacted, when, and by

	whom.
9.	List special facilities or groups (i.e., handicapped, elderly, etc.) requiring assistance in an evacuation (i.e., hospitals, nursing homes, schools, day care centers, handicapped facilities).
10.	Designate potential staging areas for persons requiring transportation.
11.	List the tasks to be performed by this function.
Annex K In-Place Shelter	
1.	Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating all in-place shelter activities.
2.	Coordinate with the PIO the release of in-place shelter instructions.
3.	Identify those hazards which could require in-place sheltering.
4.	Include pre-developed emergency public information instructions on in-place sheltering for specific hazards.
5	List the tasks to be performed by this function.
Annex L Reception & Care	
1.	Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating reception and care activities.
2.	Identify the hazards which would require reception and care operations.
3.	List the shelters available for the evacuees, disaster responders, and special needs groups.
4.	Negotiate and/or list shelter agreements with shelter

		owners.
5.		Coordinate reception and care activities with the PIO and the Evacuation Coordinator.
6.		Explain the policy for pets/animals in shelters.
7.		Identify facilities for pet/animal shelters.
8.		List the tasks to be performed by this function.
9.		Identify trained shelter staff (or provide training for them).
10.		Identify volunteer agencies, including capabilities and resources, which can assist reception and care activities; include American Red Cross zone lead units and the local Division of Family Services county office.
Anne	x M Health & Medical	
1.		Identify by position (including line of succession) the individual responsible for coordinating all health and medical activities.
2.		Identify hospitals/clinics responsible for providing patient care.
3.		Identify the organization(s) responsible for providing triage and patient transport.
4.		Identify the organization responsible for providing public health services.
5.		Identify who will provide mental health services for disaster victims and workers.
6.		Identify by position the individual responsible for coordinating mass fatality operations.
7.		Describe mass fatalities operations (i.e., Missouri

8.	List the hospitals, clinics, ambulances, health department, counselors, coroner/medical examiner, funeral homes serving the jurisdiction.
9.	 List veterinary clinics that would be able to assist with health and medical services.
10.	 Maintain call-up lists of all health and medical services, including telephone numbers,
11.	 List mutual aid agreements maintained by the ambulance districts.
12.	 List the tasks to be performed by this function.
13.	For terrorist incidents (including suspected terrorist incidents), reference the FBI and the Missouri Department of Health's Memorandum of Understanding, dated October 28, 1999, which describes how chemical or biological agent samples will be transported to the laboratory for analyzation.
14.	 Describe the medical reporting system for public health emergencies.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ACRONYMS

ARES: Amateur Radio Emergency Services

<u>Consequence Management</u>: Measures to protect public health and safety, restore

essential government services, and provide emergency relief to governments, businesses, and individuals affected by the consequences of terrorism. (State and local governments exercise primary authority to respond to the consequences of terrorism. The federal government provides assistance as required. Consequence management is generally a multi-function response coordinated by emergency management.)

Crisis Management: Measures to identify, acquire, and plan the use of resources

needed to anticipate, prevent, and/or resolve a threat or act of terrorism. (The federal government exercises primary authority to prevent, preempt, and terminate threats or acts of terrorism and to apprehend and prosecute the perpetrators. State and local governments provide assistance as required. Crisis management is predominantly a law enforcement response.)

DNR: Department of Natural Resources

EAS: Emergency Alert System (formerly known as the Emergency Broadcast

System). A communication and warning system set up by the federal government in order for emergency messages to be broadcast via radio and

television stations.

EOC: Emergency Operations Center. A centralized location where direction and

control is unified, information collection is evaluated and displayed, response

agencies are coordinated, and resources are managed.

EOP: Emergency Operations Plan

FBI: Federal Bureau of Investigation

FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency

LEPC: Local Emergency Planning Committee

JOC: Joint Operations Center (FEMA's)

MARS: Military Affiliate Radio System

MERC: Missouri Emergency Response Commission

MULES: Missouri Uniform Law Enforcement System. A hard wire land line computer

system where information, such as weather, road conditions, hazardous materials incidents, and train derailments can be transmitted to all receiving points (about 250 in the state). This system has the capability to

communicate with all 50 states.

NAWAS: National Warning System. A land line network for transmitting and receiving

emergency information to federal, state, and local agencies who have NAWAS drops (phones). It was designed specifically for warning in the event of a national emergency; now it is used in transmitting and receiving

other emergency information, such as severe weather.

NBC: Nuclear, Biological or Chemical (weapons)

NRC: National Response Center **or** the Nuclear Regulatory Commission

PIO: Public Information Officer

RACES: Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Services

SARA: Superfund Amendment Reauthorization Act (Title III). Reauthorization of the

Superfund Act of 1980 which includes requirements for emergency planning.

SAVE: "Structural Assessment and Visual Evaluation" Coalition

SEMA: State Emergency Management Agency

SOG/SOP: Standard Operating Guides/Procedures. A ready and continuous reference

to those guides/procedures which are unique to a situation and which are

used for accomplishing specialized functions.

WMD: Weapons of Mass Destruction